Date: November 18, 2013 ET

#### Topic: Comprehension Skills - Literature

Subject(s): English Language Arts

compare, point of view

Days: 25 Grade(s): 3rd

Key Learning: Effective readers understand the elements of fiction. Unit Essential Question(s): How do readers use the elements of fiction to to help them understand literature? Concept: Concept: Concept: Plot/Action Character Settina Lesson Essential Question(s): How do I identify and describe the traits of Lesson Essential Question(s): How do I identify the setting (s)? (ET) Lesson Essential Question(s): How do I identify and analyze events, problem/ characters? (ET) conflict, and resolution in text? (A) How do illustrations help to identify settings? What roles do the characters in the text play in How do I compare/contrast plots and themes? the meaning of the text? (A) How does understanding a text's setting and What is the character/narrator? (A) how it connects to other literacy elements assist How do understand a moral or lesson or centrall readers' comprehension? (A) message? (A) How do I develop interpretive and comparative understandings of characters? (A) How do characters contribute to story sequence? (A) Vocabulary: Vocabulary: Vocabulary: main, primary, supporting, minor, emotions, setting, location, time, ,place, where, when, plot, problem/conflict, resolution/solution, traits, feelings, motivation, description, identify, interpret, compare, describe, visualize, events, sequence, relationships, cause and relationships, dialog, identify, interpret, illustrations effect, identity, interpret, analyze, theme

Course: Third Grade Language Arts

Date: November 18, 2013 ET

## Topic: Comprehension Skills - Literature

Subject(s): English Language Arts

Days: 25 Grade(s): 3rd

Concept: Types of Fiction	Concept: Key ideas and Details	Concept: Craft and Structure				
Lesson Essential Question(s): What are the different types of fiction? (A) What are the purposes of each type of fiction? (ET)	Lesson Essential Question(s): How do I ask and answer questions about the text referring to the text explicitly as a basis for the answers? (A)  How do I determine the central message, lesson, or moral in a literary text? (A)  How do I explain the central message, lesson, or moral is conveyed through key details in the text? (ET)  How do I make inferences about the text referring to the text explicitly as a basis for the answers? (A)	Lesson Essential Question(s): How do I identify the point of view of the author? (A) How do I explain the point of view from which a story is narrated? (ET)				
-	<b>→ →</b>					
Vocabulary: genre, realistic fiction, historical fiction, fantasy, mystery science fiction, comics, graphic novels, poetry, drama, fables, folktales, myths, fairy tales	Vocabulary: theme, central message, moral, inferences	Vocabulary: point of view, First person point of view, Third person point of view				

#### Concept:

# Integration of Knowledge and Ideas



Lesson Essential Question(s): How do I explain how a text's illustrations contribute to what is conveyed by the words in a story? (A)

How do I compare and contrast themes, settings, and plots of story written by the same author about the same or similar characters? (A)



Vocabulary: mood, compare/contrast

Date: November 18, 2013 ET

Topic: Comprehension/Nonfiction

Subject(s):

Days: 25 Grade(s):

Key Learning: Effective readers understand the elements and structures of nonfiction



Unit Essential Question(s): How do readers use the elements and structures of nonfiction to enhance comprehension?







Concept: Concept: **Text Features** 

**Text Structure** 

Kev Ideas and Details

Concept:



Lesson Essential Question(s): How do nonfiction text features enhance comprehension of the text? (A)

How do I use text features and search tools to locate information efficiently? (A)

How do I use information gained from text features to demonstrate understanding of the text? (ET)

Lesson Essential Question(s): How do I identify the text structure? (A)

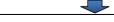
How does understanding text structure enhance comprehension of nonfiction? (A)

How do I explain how a series of events, concepts, or steps in a procedure is connected within a text? (ET)

Lesson Essential Question(s): How do I identify and explain the main idea and details in a passage? (A)

How do I ask and answer questions about the text referring explicitly to the text as a basis for the answers? (A)

How do I make inferences about the text referring explicitly to the text as a basis for the answers? (A)



Vocabulary: title, headings, chapters, table of contents, glossary, index, photographs, captions, diagrams, graphs, charts, maps, labels, preview, skim, scan, sidebar, hyperlink, key words

problem and solution, cause and effect, compare and contrast, sequence or time order, question/ answer, descriptive, graphic organizer, identify, structure, analyze, topic

main idea, supporting details, mostly/mainly about, passage/selection/text, identify, explain, inferences

Concept: Concept: Concept: Integration of Knowledge and Ideas Fact/Opinion Author's Purpose Lesson Essential Question(s): Lesson Essential Question(s): Lesson Essential Question(s): How do I describe how an author connects How do I differentiate between fact and Why did the author write this text? (A) opinion? (A) sentences and paragraphs in a text to support What are the different types of nonfiction? (A) particular points? (A) How do I explain the point of view of the How do I compare and contrast the most author? (A) important points and key details presented in two texts on the same topic? (A) Vocabulary: Vocabulary: Vocabulary: fact, opinion, true, false, persuade, feeling, author, purpose, expository, informational, comparison, contrast, cause/effect, sequence prove, proof, support, point of view biography, genre, article, essay, report,

autobiography, point of view

Course: Third Grade Language Arts

**PENNSYLVANIA** Date: November 18, 2013 ET

Topic: Comprehension/Nonfiction

Days: 25 Grade(s):

Date: November 18, 2013 ET

Topic: Comprehension/Reading Strategies

Subject(s):

Concept:

Days: 25 Grade(s):

Key Learning: Readers use multiple strategies to make meaning from text.



Unit Essential Question(s): How do readers use different strategies before. during, and after reading to comprehend each type of text?







**Before Reading Strategies** 

#### **During Reading Strategies**

# Concept:

# After Reading Strategies

Lesson Essential Question(s): What do I do before I read a text to help me understand what I will be reading? (A)

How do I predict/ask questions in my mind before reading? (A)

How do I preview a text? (A)

Lesson Essential Question(s): What do I do while I read a text to help me understand what I will be reading? (ET)

How are my predictions/questions helping me understand the text? (ET)

How do I refer to text using terms such as stanza, chapter, scene? (A)

Lesson Essential Question(s): What do I do after I read a text to help me understand what I will be reading? (ET)

Did I refine my predictions after understanding the text? (A)

How do I retell using sequence (successive parts)? (ET)





Vocabulary: prior knowledge, predict, schema, background knowlege, preview, synopsis, skim, scan

Vocabulary:

Concept:

inference, monitor, reread, question, adjust rate, draw conclusions, visualize, predict, revise, predictions, clarify, poem, play, drama, literary devices

Vocabulary:

literary devices, draw conclusions, summarize, connections (text to self, text to text, text to world), clafiry, refine, understanding

Topic: Fluency

Subject(s):

Days: 25 Grade(s):

Key Learning: Fluent reading combines appropriate rate, accuracy and prosody to reflect the type of text.



Unit Essential Question(s):

How does fluent reading support comprehension?



Concept:

Reading fluently enhances comprehension.



Lesson Essential Question(s): How does reading fluently help you to understand text? (ET)

How do I independently read on-level text, including stories, drama, and poetry fluently? (ET)

How do I monitor my understanding using context as you read? (ET)

How do you read with purpose and understanding? (ET)

How do you read on-level text orally with accuracy, appropriate rate and expression? (ET)

How to I use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition? (ET)

When do I reread for understanding? (ET)



Vocabulary:

self-correction, pronunciation, expression, comprehension, genre/text type, poetry, expository, fiction, drama, plays, accuracy, approprite rate, expression

PENNSYLVANIA

Date: November 18, 2013 ET

Course: Third Grade Language Arts

Topic: Language

Subject(s):

Days: 25 Grade(s):

Key Learning: Students will understand and use the conventions of standard English.



Unit Essential Question(s):

How do you use the conventions of standard English when writing or speaking?







Course: Third Grade Language Arts

Date: November 18, 2013 ET

Topic: Language Subject(s):

Days: 25 Grade(s):

Concept:	Concept:	Concept:		
Grammar and Usage	Punctuation	Spelling		
•	•			
Lesson Essential Question(s): What are the functions of nouns, pronouns, verbs, adjectives, and adverbs? (A)	Lesson Essential Question(s): How do you capitalize appropriate words in titles? (A)	Lesson Essential Question(s): How do you spell high-frequency words and studied words correctly? (ET)		
What are the functions of nouns, pronouns, verbs, adjectives, and adverbs in particular sentences? (ET)	How do you use commas in addresses? (A)  How do you use commas and quotation marks	How do you add suffixes correctly to base words? (ET)		
How do you form and use regular and plural nouns? (ET)	in dialogue? (A)	How do you use spelling patterns and generaliizations such as word families, position-based spelling, syllable patterns, ending rules, and meaningful word parts when writing words? (A)		
How do you use abstract nouns? (A)				
How do you form and use regular and irregular verbs? (ET)				
How do you form and use simple verb tenses? (A)				
How do you ensure subject-verb and pronounantecedent agreement? (A)				
How do you form and use comparative and superlative adjectives adverbs? (A)				
How do you chooose between comparative and superlative adjectives and adverbs? (ET)				
How do you use coordinating ad subordinating conjunctions? (A)				
How do you produce simple, compound, and complex sentences? (ET)				
How do you form and use possessives? (A)				
Vocabulary: noun, pronoun, verbs, adjective, adverb, regular nouns, plural nouns, abstract nouns, regular verbs, irregular verbs, verb tense, subject-verb agreement, pronoun-antecedent agreement, comparative adjectives, superlative adjectives, comparative adverbs, superlative adverbs, coordinating conjunctions, subordinating conjunctions, simple sentence, compound sentence, complex sentence, possessive	Vocabulary: address, quotation marks, dialogue	Vocabulary: suffixes, base words, word family, syllable pattern		

Date: November 18, 2013 ET

Topic: Literacy Devices

Subject(s):

Days: 25 Grade(s):

Key Learning: Authors use literacy devices like rhyme, rhythm, and personification to make their writing interesting.



Unit Essential Question(s):

How do writers use different literary devices?



Concept:

#### **Literary Devices**



Lesson Essential Question(s): What are different literary devices authors use to enhance writing? (A)

What is the difference between literal and non-literal meaning? (A)

How do I understand and use different devices? (A)



Vocabulary:

personification, literary device, simile, metaphor, alliteraction, onomatopoeia, idioms, exaggeration

Date: November 18, 2013 ET

interviews, primary source, sources

Topic: Research Days: 25 Subject(s): Grade(s): Key Learning: Conducting researxch helps us find information for a topic or ideas Unit Essential Question(s): What is research? Concept: Concept: Concept: Organizing information Choosing a Topic **Locating Information** Lesson Essential Question(s): How do I locate information for a research Lesson Essential Question(s): Lesson Essential Question(s): How do I take notes to organize information How do I choose a topic for research? (A) from a variety of sources? (A) topic? (A) How do I conduct research projects to build How do i recall or gather information? (A) knowledge on a topic? (A) How do I take brief notes on sources? (A) How do I share what I have learned with others? (A) How do I sort evidence into the categories provided for me? (A) Vocabulary: notes, outlines, summarizing, condensing, Vocabulary: Vocabulary: topic, research, idea, resources encyclopedia, trade books, internet, almanac, paraphrasing, oral report, written report, newspaper, dictionary, table of contents, key presentation, bibliogrphy, references words, guide words, reference materials

volume, pronunciation, audience, tone,

inflection, pace, rate, expression, eye contact, visual props, question(s), comments

Date: November 18, 2013 ET

listen, speaker, active listening, body language,

eye contact, listener

Topic: Speaking and Listening Days: 25 Subject(s): Grade(s): Key Learning: Listening and speaking are important to communicate effectively. Unit Essential Question(s): How can I be a good communicator? Concept: Concept: Concept: Speaking Questioning Listening Lesson Essential Question(s): How can I ask questions to clarify my Lesson Essential Question(s): How can I be an effective listener? (ET) Lesson Essential Question(s): How do I present my ideas to encourage and allow others to participate? (A) understanding? (A) How do I listen to learn information? (ET) How do I use my voice to best present my How do I ask different kinds of questions to get How do I determine the main ideas and ideas? (A) information? (A) supporting details of a text read aloud? (A) How does a good speaker act and sound? (A) How do I determine the main ideas and How do I build on other's ideas? (A) supporting details of information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, How do I create engaging audio recordings of quantitatively and orally? (A) stories and poems that demonstrate fluid reading at an understandable pace? (A) When do I add visual displays the emphasize or enhance certain facts and details? (ET) Vocabulary: Vocabulary: Vocabulary:

question, answer, response, clarify, interview

Date: November 18, 2013 ET

Topic: Vocabulary Development

Subject(s):

Days: 25 Grade(s):

Key Learning: Understanding different kinds of words is important in using and understanding language.



Unit Essential Question(s): Why is it important to understand different kinds of words?







Concept: Vocabulary acquisition

Context Clues

Concept:

Multiple Meaning Words

Lesson Essential Question(s): How do I learn the meaning of unfamiliar words? (ET)

How do affixes I know help me determine the meaning of a word? (ET)

How do root words I know help me determine the meaning of a word? (ET)

Lesson Essential Question(s): How can I use the words and sentences surrounding an unfamiliar word to determine that word's meaning? (A)

esson Essential Question(s): What is a multiple meaning word? (ET)

How do I use context to determine the meaning of a multiple meaning word? (A)

Vocabulary: definition, examples, non-examples, context, characteristics, morphology, dictionary, thesaurus, discussion

context clues, rereading, reading on, searching, inferring, drawing conclusions, words from other languages

Vocabulary:

Concept

homophones, homonyms, homographs, multiple meaning words

Concept:

Concept:

# Synonyms and Antonyms

Figurative Language





Lesson Essential Question(s): What is a synonym? (A)

What is an antonym? (A)

How can using synonyms and antonyms make writing more interesting? (ET)

How do I determine shades of meaning among related words? (ET)

Lesson Essential Question(s): How can words or phrases have more than one meaning or interpretation? (A)

What is the difference between literal and nonliteral meaning of words and phrases? (A)

Vocabulary: synonym, antonym, opposite, same, similar alike, thesaurus

Vocabulary: personification, simile, metaphor, exaggeration, literal, idioms, nonliteral

al) contractions, compound words, context clues

Date: November 18, 2013 ET

Topic: Word Study/Phonics Days: 25 Subject(s): Grade(s): Key Learning: Knowledge of word parts helps people to read, write, and understand new words Unit Essential Question(s): How do I use parts of words to help me understand what I read and convey meaning when I write Concept: Concept: Concept: **Phonics Affixes Syllabication** Lesson Essential Question(s): How do I decode a word with automaticity and Lesson Essential Question(s): How do I apply knowledge of prefixes and Lesson Essential Question(s): How can breaking a word into syllables help me suffixes to understand new words? (A) decode it? (ET) accuracy? (A) How do I decode irregularly spelled words? (A) How do I decode words with multi-syllables? Vocabulary: Vocabulary: Vocabulary: phonics, décode, long vowels (ai, ay, ee, ea, ie, prefix, sufix, affix, re-, pre-, in-, un-, dis-, mis-, syllables, open syllable, closed suyllable, igh, iCe, oa, oe/o, oCe; ue, ui), complex polysyllabic words, stress, vowels, distionary, non-, -ful, -less, -ble, -ness, -ment consonants (dqu, spr, spl, str, thr, -tch, -dge, qu, word parts shr, -ck, Vvke, Cch, ge, wr, hard and soft c and g, silent consonants -gn, kn, -mb, dr), diphthongs (ew/ou, oo/ou, oy/oi, ou/ow, au/aw/

Course: Third Grade Language Arts

Date: November 18, 2013 ET

Topic: Writing: Quality of Writing

Subject(s):

Days: 25 Grade(s):

Key Learning: Effective writers use focus, content, organization, styhle and conventions to either inform, entertain or persuade the reader. Unit Essential Question(s): How can I use these essential elements to improve my writing? Concept: Concept: Concept: Content Organization Focus Lesson Essential Question(s): How do I develop content appropriate to the Lesson Essential Question(s): Lesson Essential Question(s): How can my writing focus on a topic? (ET) How can I organize my writing so the reader can understand what I am trying to say? (ET) topic? (A) How do I write for different audiences? (A) How do I incorporate details that are relevant How do linking words and phrase help me How do i group related information together to connect ideas? (A) and appropriate to the topic? (ET) suit my purpose? (A) When is including illustrations appropriate? (A) How do I provide a concluding statement or section? (A)

Vocabulary:

focus, audience, topic, author's purpose, central idea, mode, type of writing

Vocabulary:

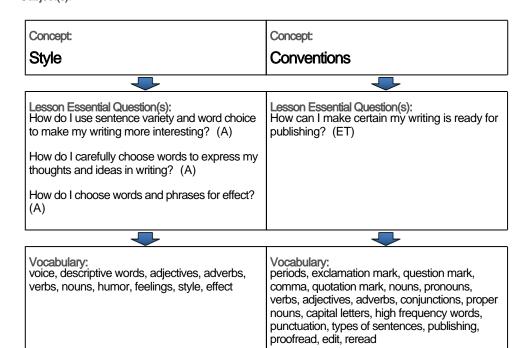
content, détails, main idea, purpose, relevant, supporting details, definitions, illustrations

Vocabulary:

beginning, middle end, transition words, sequence, entertain, inform, persuade, paragraphs, introduction, conclusion, indent

Topic: Writing: Quality of Writing Subject(s):

Days: 25 Grade(s):



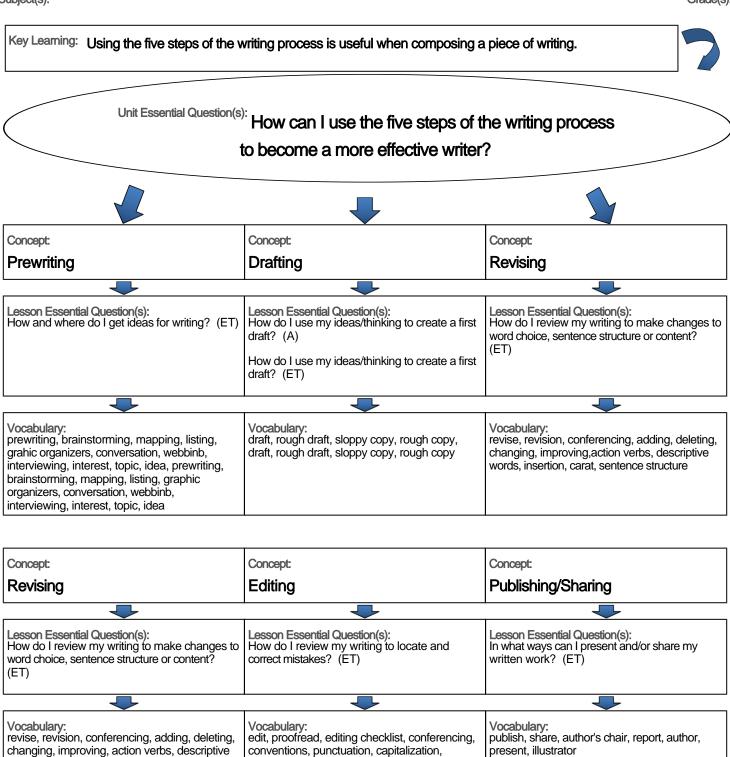
Date: November 18, 2013 ET

Topic: Writing: The Writing Process

words, insertion, carat, sentence structure

Subject(s):

Days: 25 Grade(s):



sentence structure

PENNSYLVANIA

Date: November 18, 2013 ET

Course: Third Grade Language Arts

Topic: Writing: Types of Writing

Subject(s):

Days: 25 Grade(s):

Key Learning: Writers write for different purposes. narrative writing tells a story. Opinion/Arguments can convince the audience to think or act in a specific way. Informative/Explanatory writing describes or explains something.



Unit Essential Question(s):

How do writers compose pieces for different purposes?







Course: Third Grade Language Arts

Date: November 18, 2013 ET

Topic: Writing: Types of Writing

Subject(s):

Days: 25 Grade(s):

#### Concept: Concept: Concept: **Narrative Writing** Informative/Explanatory Writing Opinion/Arguments Lesson Essential Question(s): What are the elements of narrative writing? (A) Lesson Essential Question(s): Where and how do I gather information about Lesson Essential Question(s): How do I clearly express my point of view to my topic? (ET) persuade an audience? (A) How do I set-up a situation and introduce a narrator and/or characters? (A) How do I introduce my topic in a good topic How do I support my opinion with facts and sentence or paragraph for my intended reasons? (A) How do I write a personal narrative? (A) audience? (ET) How do I create an organizational structure How do I write a fictional narrative? (A) How can I clearly and completely explain how which groups related ideas in a logical order to to perform a task or include an illustration? (ET) support my purpose? (A) How do illustrations support the text? (A) What should I include when writing a letter? How do I use linking words to convey opinion How do I use sequence words to advance the or point of view? (ET) story? (A) How do I use linking words and phrases to How do I write a concluding statement or How do I include dialogue? (A) connect ideas with categories? (ET) section? (A) How do I write a story with a beginning, middle How can I write to share information about a and end? (A) topic? (ET) (A) How do I write a concluding statement or section? (A) How do I organize unfolding events in a sequence that supports my purpose? (A) How do I group my information together to support my purpose? (A) How do I use descriptions of actions, thoughts. and feelings to develop experiences and events? How do I develop the topic with facts, (A) definitions, details, and illustrations as appropriate? (A) How do I use descriptions of actions, thoughts, and feelings to show the responses of characters to situations? (A) How do I use dialogue to develop experiences orshow the responses of characters to situations? (ET) How do I use words that signal event order? (A) How do I provide a sense of closure? (A) Vocabulary: Vocabulary: Vocabulary: first person, third person, story elements/literary encyclopedia, internet, guide words, notefact, opinion, point of view, convince, persuade, elements, point of view, fantasy, fiction, literary taking, resources, references, bibliography, evicence, support, bias, propaganda, devices, first, next, then, finally, last directions, procedures, "how-to" steps, sequence advertisement, because, therefore, since, for words, mapping tools, heading, greeting/ example, conclusion, statement salutation, body, closing, signature, indent,

friendly/business letter, biography, autobiography, research report, description, book report, linking words: also, another, and,

more, but

**PENNSYLVANIA** 

Course: Third Grade Language Arts

Topic: Writing: Types of Writing Subject(s):

Days: 25 Grade(s):

Concept:

### Response to Literature



Lesson Essential Question(s): How do I draw evidence from literary texts to support my analysis or reflection? (A)

How do I draw evidence from informational texts to support my analysis, reflection, or research? (A)



Vocabulary: evidence, analysis, reflection, research