Decision 1: Curriculum Map

<u>Topic:</u> Life Science- Animals

Course: Science

Days: (40 days)

Key Learning(s):

Each animal goes through a life cycle, which varies based on its energy and habitat.

Unit Essential Question(s):

How are animals alike and different?

Subject(s): Science Grade(s): 2

Optional Instructional Tools:

Science Kit (Chapters 1-4)
United Streaming &
Brainpop
Children's Literature
Reading Street

Concept: Characteristics (15 days) 3.1.4.A.1 Classify according to physical characteristics 3.1.4.C.1 Characteristics of animals	Concept: Life Cycle (5 days) 3.1.4.A.3 Identify difference in life cycles 3.1.4.A.8 Construct and interpret	Concept: Energy (5 days) 3.2.4.B.6 Examples of energies transformed one to another 3.2.4.B.2 Identify types of energy and
that help survival/reproduction Environmental changes and extinction 3.2.4.A.1 Identify/classify objects based on physical properties 4.1.4.A Identify similarities and differences between living organisms ranging from single cell to mult- cellular through microscopes/ video/media	models and diagrams of various life cycles	ability to be stored 4.1.4.C Explain how most life on earth gets energy from sun 4.1.4.C Life gets energy from sun 4.5.4.A Pests in the food chain
Lesson Essential Questions:	Lesson Essential Questions:	Lesson Essential Questions:
How do I classify animals (physical properties)? How do animal characteristics help them survive and reproduce? What causes animals to become extinct?	What is a life cycle? How do models help you learn about animals? How do characteristics of animals allow them to adapt and change?	How does the sun provide energy? How does the sun affect life? How do animals get and use energy? How is energy absorbed, stored, and used in animals?
Vocabulary:	Vocabulary:	Vocabulary:
adaptations, characteristics, (fur, scales, 4 legs, extinction, multicellular) organism, camouflage, regeneration	life cycle, egg, larva, pupil, caterpillar life cycle, frog life cycle, diagram, model, adaptations, changes	energy, sun, plants, animals, absorb, store

Concept: Resources (10 days)	Concept:	Concept:
3.1.4.A.2 Describe resources that animals need to live 4.1.4.A Explain what happens when food, habitat, shelter is changed 3.1.4.A.5 Describe common functions living things share to help function in specific living environment 4.1.4.A Explain how living things are dependent on living and non-living things for survival		
Lesson Essential Questions:	Lesson Essential Questions:	Lesson Essential Questions:
How do animals protect themselves?		

What happens when an animal's food, shelter, or habitat is changed? How do living things depend on living and non-living things for				
survival?		a ,		
Vocabulary:	Vocabulary:	*****	Vocabulary:	
survival, environment, non-living, living, habitat, food, water, shelter, change, resources, predator, prey, carnivore, herbivore, omnivore, invertebrates, vertebrates, marsupials				
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Attached Document(s):				*****

Topic: Life Science- Animals

Course: Science

Days: (40 days)

Key Learning(s):

Each animal goes through a life cycle, which varies based on its energy and habitat.

Unit Essential Question(s):

How are animals alike and different?

Subject(s): Science Grade(s): 2

Optional Instructional Tools:

Science Kit (Chapters 1-4)
United Streaming &
Brainpop
Children's Literature
Reading Street

Concept: Characteristics (15 days)	Concept: Life Cycle (5 days)	Concept: Energy (5 days)
3.1.4.A.1, 3.1.4.C.1, 3.2.4.A.1, 4.1.4.A	3.1.4.A.3, 3.1.4.A.8	3.2.4.B.6, 3.2.4.B.2, 4.1.4.C, 4.1.4.C, 4.5.4.A
Lesson Essential Questions:	Lesson Essential Questions:	Lesson Essential Questions:
How do I classify animals (physical properties)? How do animal characteristics help them survive and reproduce? What causes animals to become extinct?	What is a life cycle? How do models help you learn about animals? How do characteristics of animals allow them to adapt and change?	How does the sun provide energy? How does the sun affect life? How do animals get and use energy? How is energy absorbed, stored, and used in animals?
Vocabulary:	Vocabulary:	Vocabulary:
adaptations, characteristics, (fur, scales, 4 legs, extinction, multicellular) organism, camouflage, regeneration	life cycle, egg, larva, pupil, caterpillar life cycle, frog life cycle, diagram, model, adaptations, changes	energy, sun, plants, animals, absorb, store

Concept: Resources (10 days)	Concept:	Concept:
3.1.4.A.2, 4.1.4.A, 3.1.4.A.5, 4.1.4.A		
Lesson Essential Questions:	Lesson Essential Questions:	Lesson Essential Questions:
How do animals protect themselves? What happens when an animal's food, shelter, or habitat is changed? How do living things depend on living and non-living things for survival?		
Vocabulary: survival, environment, non-living, living, habitat, food, water, shelter, change, resources, predator, prey, carnivore, herbivore, omnivore, invertebrates, vertebrates, marsupials	Vocabulary:	Vocabulary:

	Attached Document(s):	
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	Additional Info:	

Topic: Earth Science-Environment

Course: Science

Days: (40)

Key Learning(s):

Life is affected by the environment.

Unit Essential Question(s):

How does change in the environment affect life?

Subject(s): Science Grade(s): 2

Optional

Instructional Tools:
Science Kit (Chapters 5-7)
United Streaming &
Brainpop
Children's Literature
Fossils
Thermometer, Rain gauge
Weather.com
Saxon Math Lessons

Concept: Ecosystems (10 days)

4.1.4.E Ecosystems change over time 4.1.4.B Identify how matter cycles through ecosystem Trace how growth, death, and decay cycle matter through ecosystem

rrace how growth, death, and decaycle matter through ecosystem 4.1.4.E. Explain how ecosystems change over time from nat/hum influences

Concept: Environment (10 days)

4.1.A. Environment of PA
4.2.4.C Fresh water organisms
adapted to environment
3.3.4.A.2 Properties and uses of
materials (rocks, soil, water, gas)
3.3.4.A.6 Constancy/change identify
changes in earth system as air, water,
soil, and rock interact

Concept: Fossils (3 days)

3.1.4.C.3 Constancy and change; compare fossils to one another

Lesson Essential Questions:

What is an ecosystem? What are different types of ecosystems? How do ecosystems change? How does pollution affect ecosystems? How does matter cycle through an ecosystem (food chain)? Lesson Essential Questions:

What does environment mean? What things can you find in our environment? What kinds of things can you find in the PA environment?

Lesson Essential Questions:

What is a fossil? How do we identify fossils? How do we use fossils to learn about history?

Vocabulary:

Ecosystem, death, change, natural resources, human influences, food chain, organisms, decomposers, population, community, habitat, consumer, producer, ecology, drought, land pollution, air pollution

Vocabulary:

Environment, Oak tree, Maple tree, trees, flowers, bushes, wolves, bears, deer, fish, trout, bass, catfish, minnows, cold blooded, warm blooded

Vocabulary:

Fossil, classify, casts, fossilization, invertebrates, matrix, geologic maps, mineralization, Paleontology, sedimentary rock, species, extinct, measure, observe, meteor, remains

Concept: Weather (3 days)

3.3.4.A.5 Basics weather elements/patterns
Measurement of basic weather

Concept: Environment (natural resources/effects) (14 days)

3.2.4.A Natural resources (air, water, nutrients) and how animals/people use the natural resources
4.2.4.B.Products from natural resources, Man-made products
4.5.4.E Pollution
4.3.4.B Effects of Pollution
4.2.4.A Needs of people
4.3.4.A. Plants, animals and humans are dependent on air and water; pollution and pest controls affecting health and preventative actions
4.5.4.C Pest Management
4.5.4.A Types of Pest

Concept:

Lesson Essential Questions:	Lesson Essential Questions:	Lesson Essential Questions:
How do you describe and measure weather elements/patterns?	How do people and animals utilize natural resources? Why? How do humans use natural resources? How do we use natural resources to make products? How does pollution and pest controls affect humans? How do humans classify and control pests?	
Vocabulary:	Vocabulary:	Vocabulary:
Weather, elements, thermometer, rain gauge, breeze, Celsius, degrees, Fahrenheit, drought, forecast, frostbite, frost, hail, lightening, thunder, humidity, hurricane, meteorologist, overcast, precipitation, puddle raindrop, rainbow, season, shower, slushy, smog, sunny, temperature, thermometer, tornado, windy, wind chill,	Air, oxygen, water, nutrients, natural, manmade products, pollution, pests, bi-products, metal, aluminum, paper, fabric, cardboard, pesticide sprays, fossil fuel, trash, renewable and non-renewable, waste, waste management, recycling, reusable products, landfills, danger	

Attached Document(s):	
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Additional Info:

Topic: Earth Science-Environment

Course: Science

Days: (40)

Key Learning(s):

Life is affected by the environment.

Unit Essential Question(s):

How does change in the environment affect life?

Subject(s): Science Grade(s): 2

Optional Instructional Tools:

Science Kit (Chapters 5-7) United Streaming & Brainpop Children's Literature Fossils Thermometer, Rain gauge

Weather.com Saxon Math Lessons

Concept: Ecosystems (10 days)	Concept: Environment (10 days)	C-2
4.1.4.E, 4.1.4.B, 4.1.4.E.	4.1.A, 4.2.4.C, 3.3.4.A.2, 3.3.4.A.6	Concept: Fossils (3 days) 3.1.4.C.3
Lesson Essential Questions: What is an ecosystem? What are different types of ecosystems? How do ecosystems change? How does pollution affect ecosystems? How does matter cycle through an ecosystem (food chain)?	Lesson Essential Questions: What does environment mean? What things can you find in our environment? What kinds of things can you find in the PA environment?	Lesson Essential Questions: What is a fossil? How do we identify fossils? How do we use fossils to learn about history?
Vocabulary: Ecosystem, death, change, natural resources, human influences, food chain, organisms, decomposers, population, community, habitat, consumer, producer, ecology, drought, land pollution, air pollution	Vocabulary: Environment, Oak tree, Maple tree, trees, flowers, bushes, wolves, bears, deer, fish, trout, bass, catfish, minnows, cold blooded, warm blooded	Vocabulary: Fossil, classify, casts, fossilization, invertebrates, matrix, geologic maps, mineralization, Paleontology, sedimentary rock, species, extinct, measure, observe, meteor, remains

Concept: Weather (3 days) 3.3.4.A.5	Concept: Environment (natural resources/effects) (14 days) 3.2.4.A, 4.2.4.B, 4.5.4.E, 4.3.4.B, 4.2.4.A, 4.3.4.A, 4.5.4.C, 4.5.4.A	Concept:
Lesson Essential Questions:	Lesson Essential Questions:	Lesson Essential Questions:
How do you describe and measure weather elements/patterns?	How do people and animals utilize natural resources? Why? How do humans use natural resources? How do we use natural resources to make products? How does pollution and pest controls affect humans? How do humans classify and control pests?	
Vocabulary:	Vocabulary:	Vocabulary:
Weather, elements, thermometer, rain gauge, breeze, Celsius, degrees, Fahrenheit, drought, forecast, frostbite, frost, hail, lightening, thunder, humidity, hurricane, meteorologist, overcast, precipitation, puddle raindrop, rainbow, season, shower, slushy, smog, sunny,	Air, oxygen, water, nutrients, natural, manmade products, pollution, pests, bi-products, metal, aluminum, paper, fabric, cardboard, pesticide sprays, fossil fuel, trash, renewable and non-renewable, waste, waste management, recycling, reusable products, landfills, danger	·

temperature, thermometer, tornado, windy, wind chill,		The second secon	
Attached Document(s):			
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Topic: Earth Science-Environment

Course: Science

Days: (40)

Key Learning(s):

Life is affected by the environment.

Unit Essential Question(s):

How does change in the environment affect life?

Subject(s): Science Grade(s): 2

Optional

Instructional Tools:
Science Kit (Chapters 5-7)
United Streaming &
Brainpop
Children's Literature
Fossils
Thermometer, Rain gauge
Weather.com
Saxon Math Lessons

Concept: Ecosystems (10 days)	Concept: Environment (10 days)	Concept: Fossils (3 days)
4.1.4.E, 4.1.4.B, 4.1.4.E.	4.1.A, 4.2.4.C, 3.3.4.A.2, 3.3.4.A.6	3.1.4.C.3
Lesson Essential Questions:	Lesson Essential Questions:	Lesson Essential Questions:
What is an ecosystem? What are different types of ecosystems? How do ecosystems change? How does pollution affect ecosystems? How does matter cycle through an ecosystem (food chain)?	What does environment mean? What things can you find in our environment? What kinds of things can you find in the PA environment?	What is a fossil? How do we identify fossils? How do we use fossils to learn about history?
Vocabulary:	Vocabulary:	Vocabulary:
Ecosystem, death, change, natural resources, human influences, food chain, organisms, decomposers, population, community, habitat, consumer, producer, ecology, drought, land pollution, air pollution	Environment, Oak tree, Maple tree, trees, flowers, bushes, wolves, bears, deer, fish, trout, bass, catfish, minnows, cold blooded, warm blooded	Fossil, classify, casts, fossilization, invertebrates, matrix, geologic maps, mineralization, Paleontology, sedimentary rock, species, extinct, measure, observe, meteor, remains

Concept: Weather (3 days) 3.3.4.A.5	Concept: Environment (natural resources/effects) (14 days) 3.2.4.A, 4.2.4.B, 4.5.4.E, 4.3.4.B, 4.2.4.A, 4.3.4.A, 4.5.4.C, 4.5.4.A	Concept:
Lesson Essential Questions:	Lesson Essential Questions:	Lesson Essential Questions:
How do you describe and measure weather elements/patterns?	How do people and animals utilize natural resources? Why? How do humans use natural resources? How do we use natural resources to make products? How does pollution and pest controls affect humans? How do humans classify and control pests?	
Vocabulary:	Vocabulary:	Vocabulary:
Weather, elements, thermometer, rain gauge, breeze, Celsius, degrees, Fahrenheit, drought, forecast, frostbite, frost, hail, lightening, thunder, humidity, hurricane, meteorologist, overcast, precipitation, puddle raindrop, rainbow, season, shower, slushy, smog, sunny,	Air, oxygen, water, nutrients, natural, manmade products, pollution, pests, bi-products, metal, aluminum, paper, fabric, cardboard, pesticide sprays, fossil fuel, trash, renewable and non-renewable, waste, waste management, recycling, reusable products, landfills, danger	

temperature, thermometer, tornado, windy, wind chill,	***************************************		
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Decision 1: Curriculum Map Topic: Physical Science

Course: Science

Days: (10)

Key Learning(s):

Light and magnetism are types of energy. Solids, liquids, and gases are physical properties of matter.

Unit Essential Question(s):

What are the characteristics of energy? How do I compare and contrast states of matter? Subject(s): Science Grade(s): 2

Optional Instructional Tools:

Science Kit (Chapters 8-9)
United Streaming
Brainpop
Children's Literature
Magnets, Flashlights

Concept: Magnets (3 days)	Concept: Light (3 days)	Concept: Matter (4 days)
3.2.4.B.4	3.2.4.B.5	3.2.4.A.1
Lesson Essential Questions:	Lesson Essential Questions:	Lesson Essential Questions:
What makes objects move? What are magnets? What can magnets do? What can a magnet attract?	What is light? What are sources of light? How does light move? How does light create shadows?	How do I classify objects by their observable physical properties?
Vocabulary:	Vocabulary:	Vocabulary:
magnet, attract, repel, poles, north pole, south pole, magnetic fields, electro magnets, magnetic force, iron, compass	light, reflection, refraction, absorption, shadow, transparent	compare, contrast, solids, liquids, gases, mass, shape, size, volume, color, texture, magnetism

Concept:	Concept:	Concept:

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Lesson Essential Questions:	Lesson Essential Questions:	Lesson Essential Questions:
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Decision 1: Curriculum Map
Topic: Physical Science

Course: Science

Days: (10)

Key Learning(s):

Light and magnetism are types of energy.

Solids, liquids, and gases are physical properties of matter.

Unit Essential Question(s):

What are the characteristics of energy?

How do I compare and contrast states of matter?

Subject(s): Science Grade(s): 2

Optional Instructional Tools:

Science Kit (Chapters 8-9)
United Streaming
Brainpop
Children's Literature
Magnets, Flashlights

Concept: Magnets (3 days)	Concept: Light (3 days)	Concept: Matter (4 days)
3.2.4.B.4 Magnets have poles that repel and attract	3.2.4.B.5 Light refraction, absorption, and reflection	3.2.4.A.1 States of Matter (Solids, Liquids, Gases)
Lesson Essential Questions:	Lesson Essential Questions:	Lesson Essential Questions:
What makes objects move? What are magnets? What can magnets do? What can a magnet attract?	What is light? What are sources of light? How does light move? How does light create shadows?	How do I classify objects by their observable physical properties?
Vocabulary:	Vocabulary:	Vocabulary:
magnet, attract, repel, poles, north pole, south pole, magnetic fields, electro magnets, magnetic force, iron, compass	light, reflection, refraction, absorption, shadow, transparent	compare, contrast, solids, liquids, gases, mass, shape, size, volume, color, texture, magnetism
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Concept:	Concept:	Concept:
Lesson Essential Questions:	Lesson Essential Questions:	Lesson Essential Questions:
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Vocabulary:	Vocabulary:	Vocabulary:

Attached Document(s):	
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